CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method, comprising:

requesting an operating system to place a computer system in a hibernation mode;

gathering a state of the computer system; storing the system state to a first non-volatile memory, and storing the system state to a second non-volatile memory.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the state of the computer system is gathered by the operating system.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first non-volatile memory has a storage capacity between 50-2000 megabytes, wherein the second non-volatile memory has a greater storage capacity than the first non-volatile memory.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the first non-volatile memory is logically coupled to a second non-volatile memory.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising:powering off the computer system.
- 6. The method of claim 5, further comprising:
 powering on the computer system; and
 loading the system state from the first non-volatile memory.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the system state comprises contents of a central processing unit.

8. A method, comprising:

requesting that a computer system be placed in a hibernation mode; writing a state of the system to a hard disk drive having a non-volatile memory cache; and

storing the state of the system to the hard disk drive cache.

9. The method of claim 8, further comprising:

requesting data from the cache to restore the state of the system after hibernation.

- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the computer system is a mobile computer system.
- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the computer system is a desktop computer system.

12. A method, comprising:

requesting that a computer system having a non-volatile memory coupled to a hard disk drive be placed in a hibernation mode;

determining an address location of the non-volatile memory; and writing contents of a central processing unit to the non-volatile memory.

13. The method of claim 12, further comprising:

writing contents of an operating system to the non-volatile memory.

14. The method of claim 12, further comprising:

writing contents of a random access memory to the non-volatile memory.

- 15. The method of claim 12, further comprising: powering off the computer system.
- 16. The method of claim 15, further comprising:

awakening the computer system from the hibernation mode; and initiating a load sequence from the non-volatile memory to restore the system to the contents of the central processing unit.

- 17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:restoring the contents of the operating system.
- 18. The method of claim 16, further comprising:
 restoring the contents of the random access memory.
- 19. The method of claim 12, wherein the non-volatile memory is separately addressable from a secondary memory.
- 20. A system, comprising:

a central processing unit (CPU);

a main memory coupled to the CPU, wherein the main memory stores data to be manipulated by the CPU;

a first non-volatile memory coupled to the main memory, wherein the data of the main memory is stored to the first non-volatile memory if the system is placed in a hibernation mode; and

a second non-volatile memory coupled to the first non-volatile memory, wherein the second non-volatile memory has a greater storage capacity than the first non-volatile memory.

- 21. The system of claim 20, wherein a state of the CPU is stored to the first non-volatile memory if the system is placed in a hibernation mode.
- 22. The system of claim 21, wherein the state of the CPU is restored from the first non-volatile memory when the system is awoken from the hibernation mode.
- 23. The system of claim 21, wherein the data of the main memory and the state of the CPU is stored to the second non-volatile memory.
- 24. The system of claim 20, further comprising:

a driver coupled to the main memory and the first non-volatile memory, wherein the driver writes data of the main memory to the first non-volatile memory.

- 25. The system of claim 20, wherein the system is a mobile computer.
- 26. A computer, comprising:

means for storing a state of the computer to a non-volatile memory before power down; and

means for loading the state of the computer from the non-volatile memory.

- 27. The computer of claim 26, further comprising:
 means for accessing the non-volatile memory.
- 28. The computer of claim 26, further comprising:

 means for reducing power up time of the computer after being placed in a hibernation mode.
- 29. The computer of claim 26, further comprising:
 means for reducing power consumption of the computer.

30. An article comprising a machine readable medium having a plurality of machine readable instructions, wherein when the instructions are executed by a processor, the instructions cause a system to:

write contents of a central processing unit (CPU) to a non-volatile memory that is coupled to a hard disk drive prior to being placed in a hibernation mode; and

write data from a random access memory to the non-volatile memory prior to being placed in the hibernation mode.

31. The article of claim 30, comprising a machine readable medium having a plurality of machine readable instructions, wherein when the instructions are executed by a processor, the instructions further cause a system to:

write the contents of the CPU to the hard disk drive using a transparent write-through process.

32. The article of claim 30, comprising a machine readable medium having a plurality of machine readable instructions, wherein when the instructions are executed by a processor, the instructions further cause a system to:

initiate a load sequence from the non-volatile memory after being awoken from the hibernation mode.

33. The article of claim 31, comprising a machine readable medium having a plurality of machine readable instructions, wherein when the instructions are executed by a processor, the instructions further cause a system to:

restore the CPU contents.